

POND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent version.

SITE PREPARATION

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoll. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences rubbish, and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush, and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

EARTH FILL

MATERIAL - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to United Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical

PLACEMENT - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in a maximum 8" thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

COMPACTION - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that the water can be squeezed out.

Minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +/- 2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99. see also sht. No. 10 of 13.

STRUCTURE BACKFILL

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure

PIPE CONDUITS All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE - All pipe to be circular in cross section

All the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.

2. Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the

3. Laying Pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the

PERFORATED PIPE

Bituminous coated corrugated metal pipe (BCCMP) shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M36 (pipe should be specified to be fully bituminous coated in accordance with AASHTO M190). Perforated pipe is TYPE III. Pipe shall have CLASS 2 perforations 3/8" in diameter.

CONCRETE

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 918 (Portland Cement Concrete Mixture), Mix No. 3

REINFORCING STEEL IN CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Reinforcing steel shall be ASTM A 615, Grade 60. Steel angles and anchor bars shall be ASTM 1-36.

ROCK RIP-RAP

PREPARED BY :

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 905.

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall be reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials,

CARE OF WATER DURING CONSTRUCTION

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water The contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any dogree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spiliway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which water shall be pumped.

STABILIZATION

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soll Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Stormwater management facility will be stabilized with permanent slope seeding as

1. Seedbed Preparation - lossen upper 3 inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding.

2. Soil Amendments - apply 2 tons per acre Dolomitic Limestone (92 lbs./1000sq. ft.), 600 bs. per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 bs./1000 sq. ft.), and 400 bs. per acre of 30-0-0 Ureaform Fertilizer (9.2 lbs./1000 sq. ft.). Harrow or disc lime and fertilizer into upper 3 inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs. (9.2 lbs./1000 sq. ft.) of 30-0-0 Ureaform Fertilizer and 500 bs. per acre (11.5 bs./1000 sq. ft.), of 10-0-0

3. Seeding - for the period March 1 through April 30 seed with 40 lbs. per acre

Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue, and 15 bs. per acre inoculated Crown Vetch. For the period May 1 through July 31 seed with 60 lbs. per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and 2 lbs. per acre inoculated Weeping Lovegrass. For the period August 1 through October 15 seed with 40 bs. per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fesue, and 20 bs per acre inoculated interstate Serica Lespedeza. For the period October 16 through February 28 protect the site by Option (1): 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw. For the period May 1 through February 28 inoculated Crown Vetch shall be applied during the subsequent period of March 1 through April 30 at the rate of 15 bs. per acre. 4. Mulching - apply 1.5 to 2 tons per acre of un-rotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using 218 gallons per acre of emulsified ashphalt. On flat areas of slope 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre of anchoring.

5. Maintenance - inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs, replacements and re-seeding

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the

PERMANENT SLOPE SEEDING

After spreading 4° topsoil, seed with a mixture of 30% inoculated Crown Vetch and 70% Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue applied at a rate of 60 bs./ acre; 10-20-20 fertilizer shall be applied at a rate of 25 lbs./1000 sq. ft.; lime at a rate of 92 lbs / 1000 s.f.; mulch area with unweathered small grain straw at a rate of 1.5 Tons/acre; anchor with a rapid curing asphalt (RC-70, R-250 or RC-800 at a rate of 0.1 aal./S.Y.

FILTER CLOTH

Filter cloth shall meet or exceed the requirements in Section 20.25-5 of the Baltimore County Standard Specifications and Details for Construction. Durable filter fabrics for drainage purposes are not limited to Mirafi 1405, DuPont TYPAC No.

3341 or 3401. Filter cloth shall be protected from punching or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional small hole shall be repaired by placing another small piece of filter cloth over the damaged area or by replacing the cloth section. All overlaps shall be a minimum of one foot.

GABIONS

Gablons shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 312 and must be Cl. IV, PVC coated.

OUTFALL PROTECTION

Subgrade for riprap or gablon outfalls shall be prepared to the required line and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undistrubed material. All rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed in the riprap or gabion. All stone shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the stone in place shall be reasonably homgeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another, with the smaller rocks filling the volds between the larger rocks. Stone for outfalls may be placed by equipment. Riprap or gabion outlets shall be constructed to full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid any displacement of underlying materials. The contractor shall avoid damage to the filter blanket or cloth during placement of riprap. Hand placement shall be required as needed to prevent damage to the permanent works. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and gabions.

FENCE

Construct fencing in accordance with the State Highway Administration standard details 690.01 and 690.02. Use specifications for a 6' fence, substituting 42" fabric and 6'8" line posts. Construct the gate in accordance with the S.H.A. standard detail 690.01 with 42" fabric. The fabric used for the fence and gate must conform to AASHTO designation M-181-74. Dark vinyl coating is required for the fence posts and wire fabric in accordance with the landscape manual adopted by resolution 56-90, October 1, 1990. *3 Split rail (wood) fence is optional.

ENGINEER CERTIFICATION:

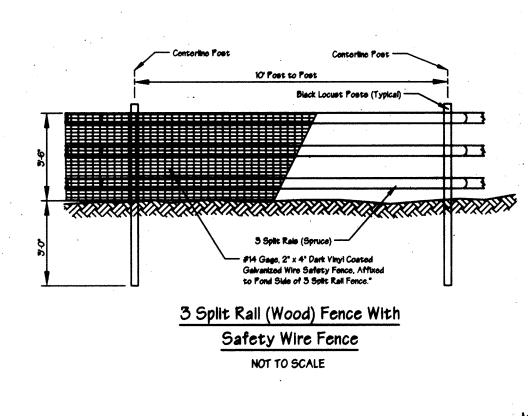
epresents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge

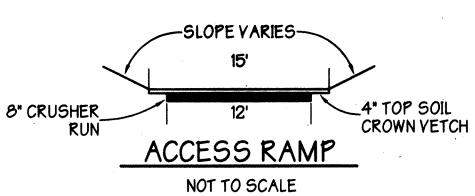
requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the

of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the

CUT-OFF TRENCH - THE CUT-OFF TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED INTO IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL ALONG OR PARALLEL TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE EMBANKMENT AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE BOTTOM WIDTH OF THE TRENCH SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE EQUIPMENT USED FOR EXCAVATION. WITH THE MINIMUM WIDTH BEING FOUR FEET. THE DEPTH SHALL BE AT LEAST FOUR FEET BELOW EXISTING GRADE OR AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE SIDE SLOPES OF THE TRENCH SHALL BE 1:1 OR FLATTER. THE BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, ROLLERS, OR HAND TAMPERS TO ASSUER MAXIMUM DENSITY AND MINIMUM PERMEABILITY.

IMPERVIOUS CORE - THE CORE SHALL BE FILLED ALONG OR PARALLEL TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE EMBANKMENT AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE TOP WIDTH OF THE FILL SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE EQUIPMENT USED, WITH MINIMUM WIDTH. BEING FOUR FEET. THE TOP WIDTH SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE PLAN. THE SIDE SLOPES OF THE FILL SHALL BE 1:1 OR FLATTER. THE BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, ROLLERS OR HAND TAMPERS TO ASSURE MAX. PERMEABILITY THE CORE TRENCH SHALL BE KEPT DRY DURING INSTALLATION.





_ 27" R.C.W.P. _

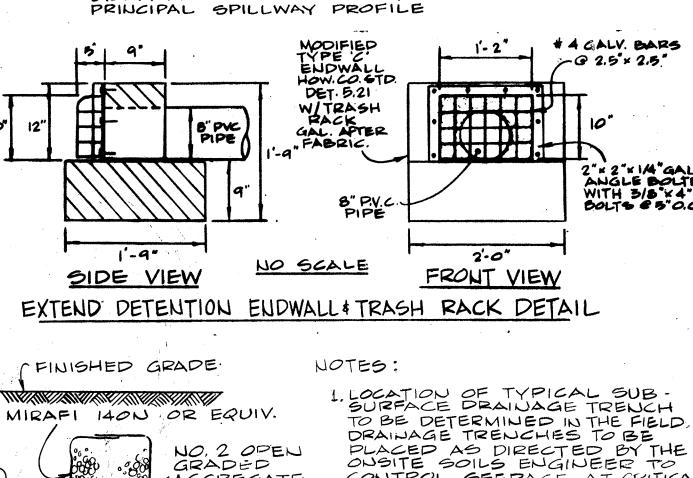
CONCRETE CRADLE

NOT TO SCALE

A-2

--- #4 BARS @ 6" o/c

EACH WAY 2" COVER (TYP.)



PROPOSED POND
INV. 281 50
(GRADED TO DRAIN TOWARD
PERFORATED PIPE; SET AT
OR ABOVE TOP OF PERFORATED PIPE)

TYPE & ENDWALL

H.C. STD. DETAIL

NO. 5.21

TRASH RACK

THIS SHEET

SEE DETAIL

5" PVC PERFORATED PIPE

20 TYPICAL

NO. 2 STONE

12" MIN

VEXTENDED DETENTION POND

DEWATERING DEVICE

NO SCALE

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLANS -

1. PERFORATED PIPE SHALL HAVE METAL CAP WELDED
TO OTHER END OF PIPE.
2. PERFORATED PIPE SHALL BE COVERED ON ALL SIDES
WITH 12" MINIMUM OF # 2 STONE - EXCEPT WHERE

OTHERWISE NOTED.

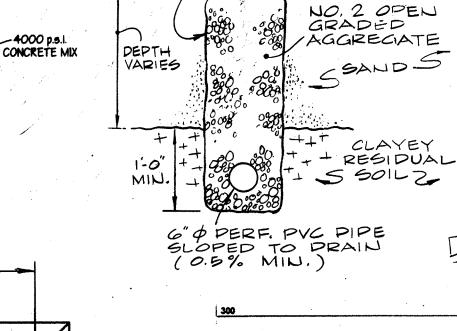
3. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION ARE MINIMIZED.

4. SET PERFORATED PIPE AT INVERTS SPECIFIED ON

RELEASE

12" MIN.

STRUCTURE



TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD, DRAINAGE TRENCHES TO BE CONTROL SEEPAGE AT CRITICAL AREAS AROUND THE SITE INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE STORMWATER MANAGE. MENT POND, 2, THE SUB-SURFACE DRAINAGE TRENCHES SHALL OUTLET AT THE NEAREST INLET OR SHALL DISCHARGE DIRECTLY INTO THE POND.

EMBANKMENT

@ 288.00

OUTFLOW

BOLTS

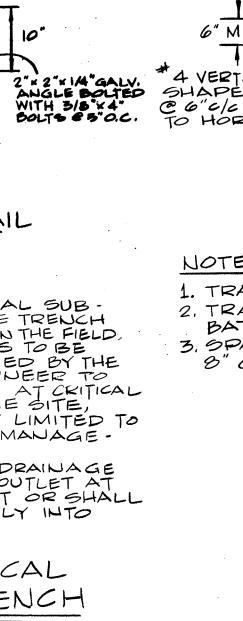
280,26

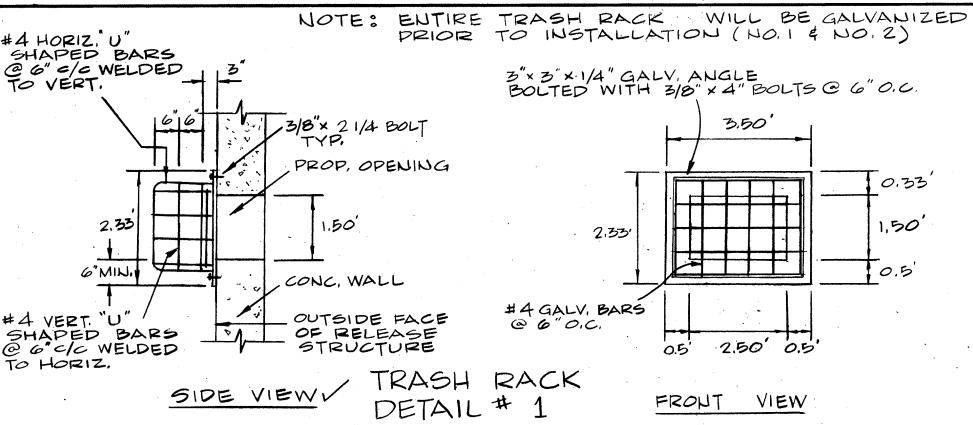
1.0'×1.0'×0.5' GALVANIZED STEEL PLATE WITH 3" OPENING @ 280.85 PLATE ATTACHED TO RELEASE

STRUCTURE WITH GALVANIZED

TYPICAL DRAINAGE

NO SCALE





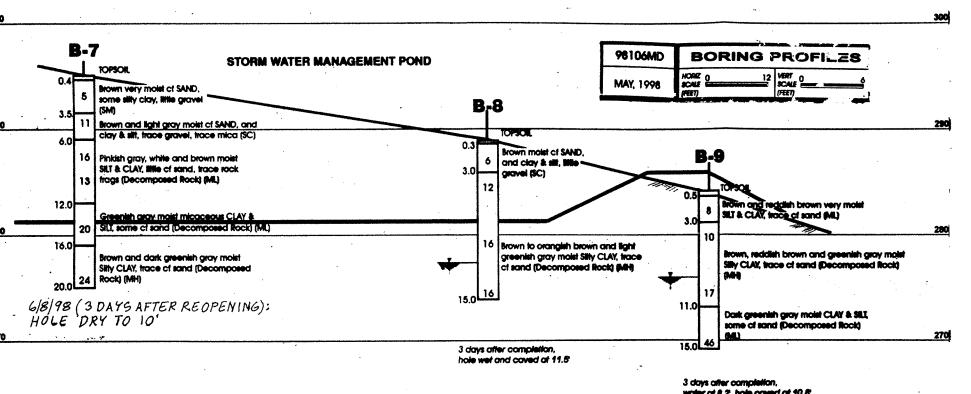
NO SCALE 3" × 3" × 1/4" GALV, ANGLE BOLTED WITH 3/8" × 4" BOLTS @ 6"O.C. 6.0 # 4 HORIZ. U SHAPED BARS WELDED TO VERTO 16 PROP. OPENINGS 1.50 5.08 4.25 0.69 6" MIN. CONC. WALL OUTSIDE FACE OF RELEASE STRUCTURE 4 VERT. "U" SHAPED BARS 3.5 0.51, 0.75 @ 6"c/c WELDED #4GALV, BARS 6 6" O.C. FRONT VIEW SIDE VIEW

FRASH RACK DETAIL #2 SCALE NO

NOTES:

1. TRASH RACKS SHALL BE REMOVABLE. 2. TRASH RACKS SHALL BE PAINTED

BATTLESHIP GRAY 3. SPACING OF BAKS SHALL BE 6"O.C. MIN. 8" O.C. MAX,



CONSULTANT'S HAZARD CLASS CERTIFICATION

JAMES A. MARKIE JR.

3 days after completion, water at 8.2, hale caved at 10.8

EVED TOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRIC Reviewed for the Howard Conservation District and meets technical NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE APPROVED: Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT 10/16/98 DATE ADDRESS CHART PARCEL NO.

CORPORATE GATESPRING II, LLC 8815 CENTRE PARK DRIVE, SUITE 400

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21045

(410) 730-9092

P.E. # 11005

OWNER / DEVELOPER

SECTION NAME COLUMBIA GATEWAY BLOCK * ZONE

> STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES COLUMBIA GATEWAY PARCEL S-20 COLUMBIA GATEWAY

WOODLANDS II

HOWARD CO., MARYLAND SHT. 12 OF 13 DATE: MAY 01, 1998

3. THE SEAL BETWEEN THE PIPE AND COLLAR SHALL BE WATER TIGHT. 4. COLLAR SHALL PROJECT A MIN. OF 3.0' FROM THE EXTERIOR OF THE CONCRETE CRADLE AND THE PIPE ON ALL FOUR SIDES.

1. LOCATE 2' MIN. FROM ALL PIPE JOINTS.

CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS SPECIFICATIONS.

12

4,000 p.s.l.—

CONCRETE MIX

SIKADUR 32

CONFORMS TO

ASTM C-881

TYPEIAIL

GRADE 2

CLASS B & C

HI-MOL.

CONCRETE ANTI-SEEP COLLAR

NOT TO SCALE

2. ALL MATERIAL TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CONSTRUCTION AND

DEVELOPER CERTIFICATION:

Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a Professional Engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soll Conservation District with an "as-built" STANLEY A.

certify that this pond meets all requirements for hazard class B or C. (Requilrements as stated in the Soil Conservation Service - Maryland Standards and Specifications for Pond, Code 378, November 1992). All and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Dept. of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of necessary investigations and computations have been performed to verify this finding. A copy of said Information has been supplied to Howard County Soil Conservation District. plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District.

CRADLE

eveloper that he/she must engage a registered Professional Engineer to supervise pond constructionand provide the Howard Soil Conservation Pistrict with an ass-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. JAMES A. MARKLE JR.

certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control

I/We certify that all development and/or construction will de done according to these plans,

P/N: 8656 6-29-98 NAME: 8656swmnotedtls01

(410) 825-8120

GEORGE W. STEPHENS. JR.

AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

Civil Engineers and Land Surveyors

658 Kenilworth Drive, Suite 100

Towson, Maryland 21204

SDP-99-01

6940 COLUMBIA GATEWAY DRIVE

ELECT. DIST.

SCALE : As Shown ELECTION DISTRICT: 6

PARCEL *

WATER CODE -E06 SEWER CODE 5333000

5-20 CENSUS TRACT

" AS BUILT"

These plans for pond. construction, soil erosion and sediment control meet the requirements of Howard, Soil Conservation District.

1.85

0.69

1 0.5

STREET ADDRESS